Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in

the application:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (presently amended) A method for performing a gather operation on a

general purpose computer processor comprising:

computing addresses for a plurality of data elements of a matrix stored in

memory, wherein:

each data element is identified by one of an equal plurality of

indices and a base address; and

wherein-computing addresses comprises:

executing an equal plurality of EXTRACT instructions to

transfer a plurality of said indices from a first storage location

where the indices are stored substantially contiguously, to an equal

plurality of separate storage locations, wherein each index is

assigned its own separate storage location; and

adding said base address to each index;

retrieving each of said plurality of data elements from memory based on

the computed addresses; and

executing an equal plurality of DEPOSIT instructions, each deposit

DEPOSIT instruction depositing one or more of said data elements contiguously

with other data elements in a general purpose register.

2. (previously presented) The method as in claim 1 wherein said storage

locations are general purpose registers within a general purpose processor.

App. No.: 09/538,012 Amdt. September 20, 2005 3. (previously presented) The method as in claim 1 wherein computing

addresses further comprises:

adding each of said indices to a base address.

4. (previously presented) The method as in claim 1 further comprising:

loading each of said data elements from memory into separate storage

locations prior to executing said second plurality of instructions.

5. (previously presented) The method as in claim 1 wherein said

computer processor executes two or more of said first and/or second plurality of

instructions in a single clock cycle.

6. (original) The method as in claim 1 further comprising:

storing each of said data elements on a mass storage device.

7. (original) The method as in claim 2 wherein said registers are 64-bits

wide and said data elements are 16-bits in length.

8. (presently amended) A method for performing a scatter operation on a

general purpose computer processor comprising:

executing a first plurality of EXTRACT instructions to extract indices for

each of a plurality of data elements, the indices being extracted into separate

storage locations;

using the extracted indices to calculate addresses in memory to which

said plurality of data elements are to be scattered to form a matrix in memory

App. No.: 09/538,012 Amdt. September 20, 2005 wherein each address in memory is identified by one of a plurality of indices and

a base address, and further wherein each address in memory is calculated by

adding said base address to each index of said plurality of indices;

executing a second plurality of EXTRACT instructions, each of said

EXTRACT instructions extracting one or more of said data elements from a

general purpose register in which said data elements are stored contiguously to

an equal plurality of separate storage locations; and

transferring said data elements from said separate storage locations to

said calculated addresses in memory.

9. (previously presented) The method as in claim 8 wherein each of said

storage location is a general purpose register.

10. (previously presented) The method as in claim 8 wherein calculating

addresses comprises:

adding each of said indices to a base address.

11. (previously presented) The method as in claim 8 wherein storing each

of said data elements is accomplished via a plurality of STORE instructions

executed by said computer processor.

12. (previously presented) The method as in claim 8 wherein said

computer processor executes two or more of said instructions in a single clock

cycle.

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13. (original) The method as in claim 9 wherein said register is 64-bits wide and said data elements are 16-bits in length.

14. (presently amended) A computer system comprising:

a memory;

a general purpose processor communicatively coupled to the memory; and

a storage device communicatively coupled to the processor and having stored therein a sequence of instructions which, when executed by the processor, causes the processor to at least,

compute addresses for a plurality of data elements of a matrix stored in memory, wherein:

each data element is identified by one of an equal plurality of indices and a base address; and wherein computing addresses comprises:

executing an equal plurality of EXTRACT instructions to transfer a plurality of said indices from a first storage location where the indices are stored substantially contiguously, to an equal plurality of separate storage locations, wherein each index is assigned its own separate storage location; and

adding said base address to each index;

retrieve each of said plurality of data elements from memory based on the computed addresses; and

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execute an equal plurality of DEPOSIT instructions, each deposit

instruction depositing one or more of said data elements contiguously with other

data elements in a general purpose register.

15. (previously presented) The computer system as in claim 14 wherein

said storage locations are general purpose registers.

16. (previously presented) The computer system as in claim 14 wherein,

responsive to one or more instructions in said sequence, said processor

computes addresses by:

adding each of said indices to a base address.

17. (previously presented) The computer system as in claim 14 wherein

said processor loads each of said data elements from memory into separate

storage locations prior to executing said second plurality of instructions.

18. (previously presented) The computer system as in claim 17 wherein

said processor executes two or more of said first and/or second plurality of

instructions in a single clock cycle.

19. (original) The computer system as in claim 14 wherein, responsive to

one or more instructions in said sequence, said processor further:

stores each of said data elements on said mass storage device.

20. (original) The computer system as in claim 15 wherein said registers

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are 64-bits wide and said data elements are 16-bits in length.

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21. (previously presented) A method as in claim 1 wherein computing addresses comprises:

executing a series of instructions, each instruction to extract an address index for one of said plurality of data elements.

22. (original) The method as in claim 21 wherein said address indices are extracted from a series of contiguous memory locations

23. (Cancelled)